

# 6G Vision and Technology Trends

IMT-2030(6G) Promotion group

Vision of Future Communications Summit Workshop November 24, 2021

#### Contents



6G Vision and Key Technologies

2 (Introduction on IMT-2030(6G) Promotion Group)

2021/11/24

2

# Overall vision towards 2030 and beyond



### Trends of society in the future

In 2030 and beyond, society will enter an era of intelligence. Balanced, high-quality social services, scientific, precise social governance, and green, energysaving social development

#### **Technology trends**

Communications integrating with sensing, computing, and control; achieving seamless global coverage, realizing reliable connections among people, machines, and things anytime, anywhere.



Ultimately realize the vision of an "intelligent connection of everything, digital twin" society.

#### **6G** services

6G will provide fully immersive interaction and support precise spatial interaction to meet the requirements for multiple senses, feeling, and mind communications. Communication for sensing and inclusive intelligence will realize the digitalization and intelligence of physical objects.

#### **6G** key capabilities

Ubiquitous connections among people, machines, and things and efficient interconnection of intelligent agents; incorporate new capabilities, including native intelligence, communication for sensing, digital twins, and native security.

# Driving Forces of 6G Development





#### **Changes in Social Structure**

- Digital technologies are required to increase inclusiveness across unbalanced income levels;
- Demographic imbalance calls for digital technology to improve human capital and allocative efficiency;
- Change in the social governance structure necessitates modern governance



#### **High-Quality Economic Growth**

- Sustainable economic growth is fueled by the impetus brought by new technologies;
- The globalization of services requires lower cost in all-round information communications



#### **Environmental Sustainability**

- Lower carbon emissions and carbon neutrality call for improved energy efficiency and green development;
- Extreme weather conditions and global emergencies require wider sensing and closer intelligent collaboration

### Potential 6G use cases: immersive, intelligent and ubiquitous



Immersive Cloud XR



Proliferation of Intelligence



Intelligent

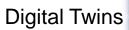


Holographic Communications



**Immersive** 







Communication for Sensing





Sensory Interconnection



Intelligent Interaction





Global Seamless Coverage

# Key Technologies 1: Extreme-MIMO



With the emergence of new materials and technologies, the scale of the antenna array will be further expanded to support new scenarios and services.

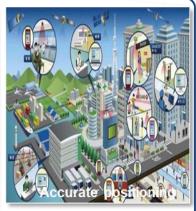
Application scenarios



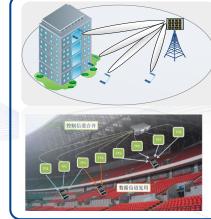






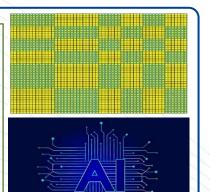


Research directions



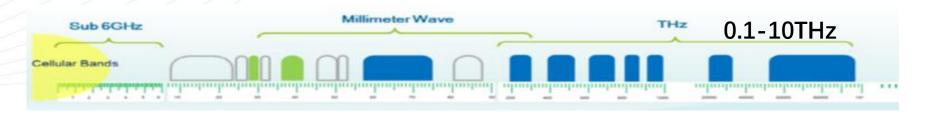
- E-MIMO channel modeling
- Near-field model/continuous aperture/space-time nonstationary characteristics/ higher frequency band
- Practical distributed E-MIMO solutions
  - User-centric network structure
  - Low-cost, flexible deployment solution

- New antenna materials
  - Integration of new antenna materials and system architecture
  - Efficient channel measurement scheme and feedback scheme
- Intelligent E-MIMO
  - E-MIMO Al theory
  - Data training on acquisition and interaction
- Precise spatial positioning and perception



# Key Technologies 2: Tera-Hertz (THz) Communications

Terahertz band has abundant spectrum resources and an extremely short wavelength, which can meet the needs of large-capacity and short-distance communication, as well as the ability in high-precision positioning and sensing.



#### **Application scenarios**

• terrestrial communication, space communication, micro-nano-scale application scenarios, etc.

#### **Research directions**

- Channel modeling analysis: indoor and outdoor channel modeling, spatial channel modeling, programmable material channel modeling
- Key technologies: terahertz communication + sensing, extremely narrow beam alignment and tracking, large bandwidth sampling and receiving technology, high-speed modulation coding and decoding technology, efficient networking and multiple access technology
- Key components and chips: mixers, frequency multipliers, oscillators, integrated circuit devices, etc.

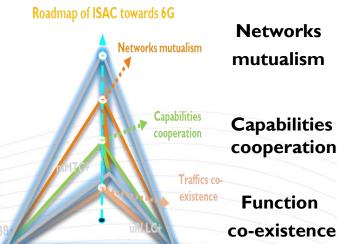
# Key technologies 3: Integrated Sensing and Communications (ISAC)

Leveraging wireless signals to realize wireless sensing and communications simultaneously. The 6G network will have native sensing capabilities to sense and better understand the physical world.

◆Scenarios: a variety of wireless sensing capabilities (i.e., positioning, recognition, imaging, reconstruction, etc.) in the future smart life, industrial upgrade, social governance and other fields.



◆ Technology evolution trends: As the integration level of sensing and communication continues to increase, different stages will draw the technology roadmap of ISAC together.



**Networks** mutualism

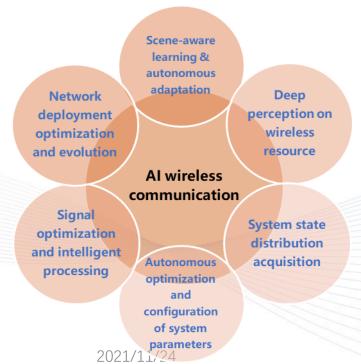
- > Deep information fusion
- > Multi-point sensing, network collaboration
- **Capabilities** cooperation
- > Joint waveform design
- > Joint signal processing
- > Shared spectrum/hardware
  - > Interference management, hardware design

◆ **Key technologies**: Continuous breakthroughs are needed in fundamental theories, air interface, network architecture, networking schemes, hardware architecture, device design, etc.

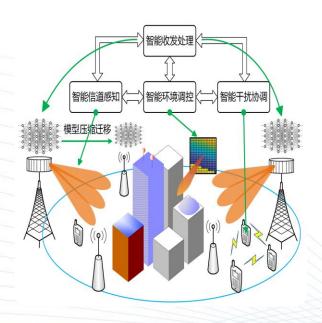
### Key Technologies 4: Wireless Al

Network intelligence is the development direction and important feature of 6G. The combination of Al and wireless communication, through the construction of a novel wireless Al network architecture and air interface protocol, can support 6G full-scenario, full-dimensional, full-process deep perception and learning, and significantly improve network intelligence.

- A universal Al-native network architecture suitable for wireless environments, wireless resources, and wireless data
- Research directions •
- New high-efficiency AI/ML algorithms at the physical layer/data link layer/network layer and system level
  - The basic theory of wireless AI includes computing-storage-communication costs and performance limits
  - Technology and industrialization development prospects supported by wireless AI



- Application Scenarios
  - Al for COM: Realize extremely intelligent communication
  - COM for AI: Support smart distributed applications
    - Distributed perception
    - Distributed control
    - Distributed computing

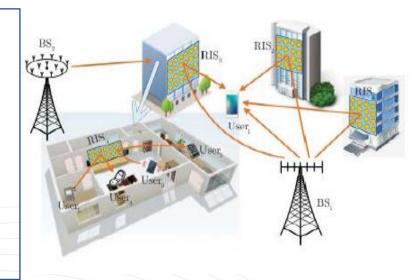


### Key Technologies 5: Reconfigurable Intelligent Surface (RIS)

By actively controlling the wireless propagation environment, RIS controls signal propagation direction, suppresses interference and enhances the signal, and builds a new paradigm of 6G intelligent programmable wireless environment.

## **Application** scenarios

- Overcome the limitation of NLOS, suitable for scenarios where the LoS path is blocked or the power is low
- Overcome the problem of local voids
- Serving cell edge users, solving multi-cell co-frequency interference
- Secure communication to prevent eavesdropping
- Applications in new scenarios such as positioning and sensing



## Research directions

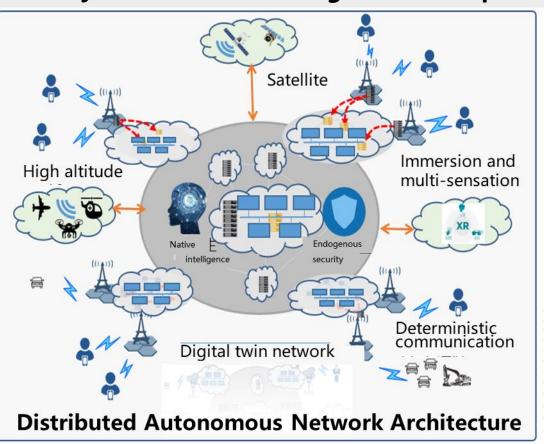
- Basic theory and modeling research: modeling and communication theory limit analysis, physical and electromagnetic compatibility model, channel measurement and modeling;
- **Technical solutions and algorithms**: channel estimation and feedback, beamforming design, passive information transmission, Al enabling design, networking design;
- Hardwares: new materials, new ultra-surface system architecture and interfaces, etc.

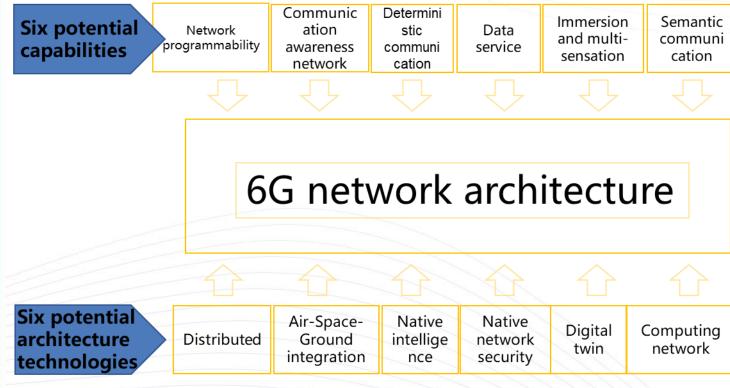
2021/11/24 10

### Key technologies 6: Network architecture



Two principles: network compatibility, simple design. Four characteristics: native intelligence, native security, multi-domain integration, computing network integration





### Four design principles

From centralization to distribution

From heavy-duty incremental design to minimalist integration design

From plug-in design to internal design

From ground access to air-space-groundsea-based access

# Thoughts on 6G Development





The Successful
Commercial
Deployment of 5G
Will Lay a Solid
Foundation for 6G



Efficient Use of
High-, Medium-,
and LowFrequency Bands
to Fulfill 6G
Spectrum Needs



Native Al Intelligence Plays a Pivotal Role in 6G



Satellites Assist
Cellular Terrestrial
Networks to
Achieve Full 6G
Coverage

#### Contents



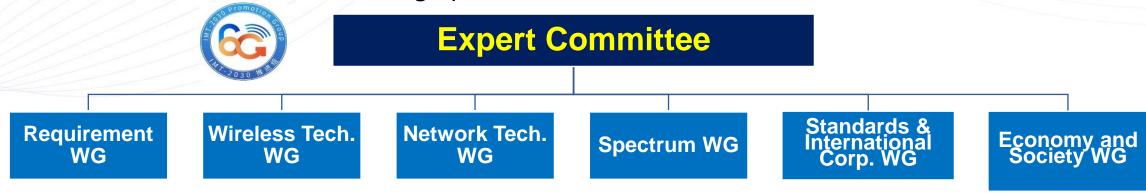
**6G Vision and Key Technologies** 

(Introduction on IMT-2030(6G) Promotion Group)

### Structure of IMT-2030(6G) Promotion Group



• In June, 2019, under the guidance of the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology(MIIT) in China, the IMT-2030 Promotion Group was established. It promotes the research of 6G and build an international view exchange platform.



There are 59 member units of the IMT-2030 promotion group, which are open to the world. Ericsson, Samsung, DoCoMo, etc. are all members of the promotion group.











### Requirement WG



 Focus on 6G vision and requirements, with the goal of proposing 6G overall vision, basic services, application scenarios and key capabilities

# Motivation and driving factors

- Social driving factors
- Industry driving
  - factors
- Technology driving
  - factors
- Business driving

factors

# GAP analysis between 5G and 6G

- > 5G GAP analysis
  - 3D full coverage
  - Al deep intelligence
  - Communication and perception integration
- International views collection and comparison
  - Standardization bodies
  - National or regional views
  - Academic views

# Requirements on application and services

- Analysis on application scenarios
- New format of UE terminals
- Network operation
- Summary for 6G services scenarios

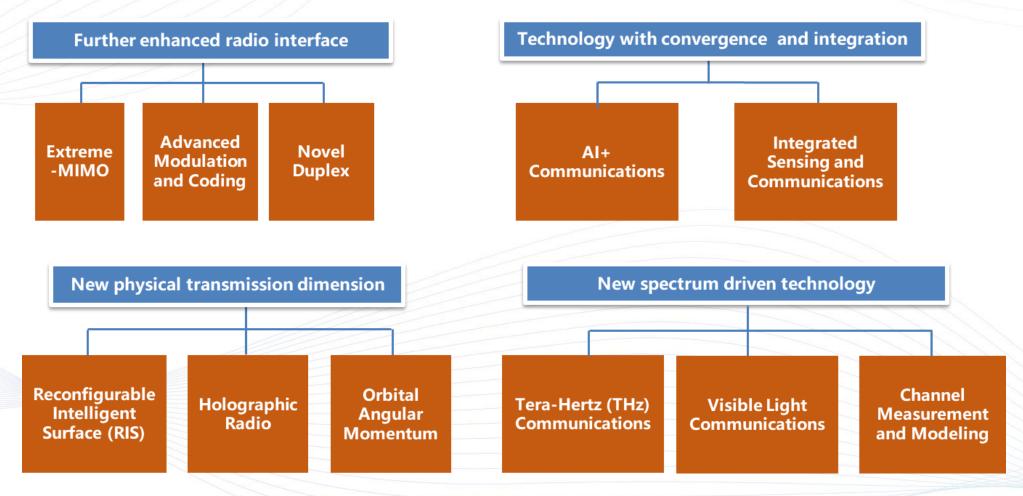
# Key performance indicators

- Basic communicationsKPIs
- New capability indicators
- Energy efficiency indicators
- **...**

### Wireless Tech. WG



- Explore a broad view of innovative wireless technologies.
- WG structure is dynamic and flexible to include emerging technology aspects as needed.



### Network Tech. WG



- · Potential revolutionary technologies are emerging.
- The innovation of network architecture in the 6G era will be more important.

### '2+6' technology division with 8 task group

Network architecture and requirement

**Network security** 



Integration of terrestrial and nonterrestrial networks

Computing power network

Intelligent network

Information central network

Deterministic network

Digital twin network

### Spectrum WG



• Research topic including 6G spectrum requirements, propagation characteristics on millimeter wave, terahertz, and visible light, new technologies for spectrum sharing, etc.

Spectrum requirement for 6G based on vision

Analysis on global spectrum strategy and policy

Exploring the 6G spectrum under ITU framework

Explore new frontier for 6G spectrum

Make good use of existing spectrum by exploiting sharing technology

- Traditional IMT frequency issues
- ✓ 6G "cross-border" topics, such as private network frequencies, satellites, intelligent transportation, highaltitude platforms, etc.
- ✓ Terahertz propagation characteristics and channel modeling
- Explore new technologies as spectrum sharing

### Standards & International Corp. WG



 Promote international views exchanges and cooperation with the progress of 6G research in major countries/organizations around the world;

#### Promote international cooperation

- Give full play to the channel role of international corporate members in the group and strengthen international communication and cooperation
- Promote to establish a liaison mechanism
   with foreign regional 6G
   organizations/alliances to reach consensus

# Output the research results to standardization organizations

- Carry out research work on 6G technology trends and vision for ITU and other international standardization organizations
- Coordinate the research needs and output of the working groups

### **Economy and Society WG**

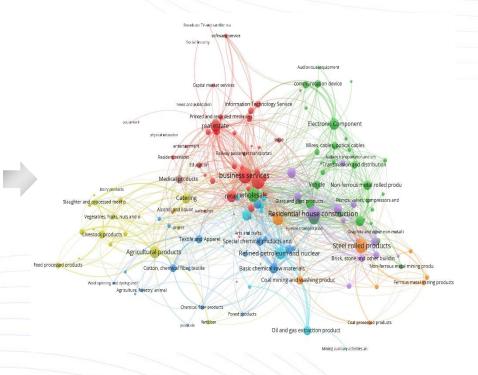


- Construct a 5G production network, analyze the transmission effect of 5G technological changes among industries, and determine the keynode industries of 5G
- 5G Industry
   Application Research

Research Methods

		Intermediate Output					Total Intermediate Output	Final Use	Total Output
			I1	12		IN			
		I1	Con- sumption <sub>11</sub>	Con- sumption <sub>12</sub>		Con- sumption <sub>1N</sub>	Output <sub>1</sub>		
med	nter- ediate nput	12	Con- sumption <sub>21</sub>	Con- sumption <sub>22</sub>		Con- sumption <sub>2N</sub>	Output <sub>2</sub>		
		IN	Con- sumption <sub>N1</sub>	Con- sumption <sub>N2</sub>		Con- sumption <sub>NN</sub>	Output <sub>N</sub>		
Total Intermediate Input			Input <sub>1</sub>	Input <sub>2</sub>		Input <sub>N</sub>			
Added Value									
Total Intput									

Phased Results



Will construct model for measuring the impact of 5G on TFP (Total Factor Productivity), analyze the application scenarios and business models of 5G in the national economy, and expand 5G research to 6G

### Publications from IMT-2030(6G) Promotion Group





White paper "6G Vision and Candidate Technologies" (\*with English version)





Technical report "Integrated Sensing and Communication"



Technical report "Wireless AI"



White paper "6G network architecture vision and key technology outlook "



Technical report "Tera-Hertz (THz) Communications"



Technical report "Reconfigurable Intelligent Surface (RIS)"



Technical report "network security vision"

\*English version of white paper "6G Vision and Candidate Technologies" can be downloaded at http://www.caict.ac.cn/english/news/202106/t20210608 378637.html

